

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM #12360

Problem #12360. Proposed by D. M. Batinetu-Giurgiu (Romania). Evaluate

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{(n+1)^2}{x_{n+1}} - \frac{n^2}{x_n} \right),$$

where $x_n = \sqrt[n]{\sqrt[1]{1!} \sqrt[2]{2!} \sqrt[3]{3!} \cdots \sqrt[n]{n!}}$.

Solution by Tewodros Amdeberhan, Tulane University, New Orleans, LA, USA. Let $y_n := \frac{n^{2n}}{x_n^n}$.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y_{n+1}}{n y_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^{2n+2}}{n^{2n+1} \sqrt[n+1]{(n+1)!}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^{2n+1} \cdot \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{\sqrt[n+1]{(n+1)!}}.$$

It's easy to check $\lim_n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^{2n+1} = e^2$. On the other hand, if $z_n = \frac{n}{\sqrt[n]{n!}}$ then

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \log z_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \left(\frac{n^n}{n!} \right)}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \left(\frac{(n+1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!} \right) - \log \left(\frac{n^n}{n!} \right)}{n+1-n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \log \left(\frac{n+1}{n} \right) = 1$$

where we invoked Stolz-Cesàro's Theorem. So, $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{y_{n+1}}{n y_n} = e^2 \cdot e = e^3$. By an application of the Cauchy-D'Alembert limits, we gather

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt[n]{y_n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{n^n}{y_n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^{n+1}}{y_{n+1}} \cdot \frac{y_n}{n^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n y_n}{y_{n+1}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^{n+1} = e^{-3} e = e^{-2}.$$

Denote $w_n := \sqrt[n+1]{y_{n+1}} - \sqrt[n]{y_n} = \frac{(n+1)^2}{x_{n+1}} - \frac{n^2}{x_n}$ and $u_n := \frac{\sqrt[n+1]{y_{n+1}}}{\sqrt[n]{y_n}}$. We proceed to compute

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} u_n &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n+1]{y_{n+1}}}{n+1} \cdot \frac{n}{\sqrt[n]{y_n}} \cdot \frac{n+1}{n} = 1, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} u_n^n &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{y_{n+1}}{y_n} \frac{1}{\sqrt[n+1]{y_{n+1}}} \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{y_{n+1}}{n y_n} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right) \frac{n+1}{\sqrt[n+1]{y_{n+1}}} \right) = e. \end{aligned}$$

By L'Hôpital's rule, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{\log x} = 1$ implying $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{u_n-1}{\log u_n} = 1$. Finally,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} w_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{y_n} (u_n - 1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{y_n}}{n} \cdot \frac{u_n - 1}{\log u_n} \cdot \log u_n^n = w^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = e^2. \quad \square$$