

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM #12421

Problem #12421. Proposed by I. Casu, Romania. Let S be a finite set of real numbers, and let T be the set of all n -by- n matrices having entries in S . Prove

$$\sum_{A \in T} \text{trace}(A^2) = \sum_{A \in T} (\text{trace}(A))^2.$$

Solution by Tewodros Amdeberhan, Tulane University, New Orleans, LA, USA. Using the very definition of trace, we proceed in the manner

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{A \in T} \text{trace}(A^2) &= \sum_{A \in T} \sum_{i=1}^n [A^2]_{ii} = \sum_{A \in T} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n A_{ij} A_{ji} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{A \in T} A_{ji} A_{ij} \right] = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{x \in S, y \in S} \sum_{\substack{A \in T \\ A_{ij}=x, A_{ji}=y}} xy \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{x \in S, y \in S} xy \cdot \#\{A \in T : A_{ij} = x, A_{ji} = y\} \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{x \in S, y \in S} xy \cdot \#\{A \in T : A_{ii} = x, A_{jj} = y\} \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{x \in S, y \in S} \sum_{\substack{A \in T \\ A_{ii}=x, A_{jj}=y}} xy \right] = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\sum_{A \in T} A_{ii} A_{jj} \right] \\ &= \sum_{A \in T} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n A_{ii} \right] \left[\sum_{j=1}^n A_{jj} \right] = \sum_{A \in T} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n A_{ii} \right]^2 = \sum_{A \in T} (\text{trace}(A))^2. \quad \square \end{aligned}$$