

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM #12457

Problem #12457. Proposed by Hideyuki Ohtsuka, Saitama, Japan. Let F_n be the n -th Fibonacci number, and let $S = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{F_n^2}$.

(a) Express $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^2}$ in terms of S .

(b) Express $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+2})^3}$ in terms of S .

Solution by Tewodros Amdeberhan, Tulane University, New Orleans, LA, USA. Rearrange Cassini's identity $F_{n+1}^2 - F_{n+2}F_n = (-1)^n$, based on $F_{n+1} = F_{n+2} - F_n$, into the form $(-1)^n = F_{n+2}F_{n+1} - F_{n+1}F_n - F_{n+2}F_n$. Consequently, $\frac{(-1)^n}{F_n F_{n+1} F_{n+2}} = \frac{1}{F_n} - \frac{1}{F_{n+2}} - \frac{1}{F_{n+1}}$. Squaring both sides and using $F_{n+2} - F_n = F_{n+1}$, again, leads to

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^2} &= \frac{1}{F_n^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+1}^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+2}^2} - \frac{2}{F_n F_{n+2}} - 2 \left(\frac{1}{F_n F_{n+1}} - \frac{1}{F_{n+1} F_{n+2}} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{F_n^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+1}^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+2}^2} - \frac{4}{F_n F_{n+2}}. \end{aligned}$$

Summing over all positive integers (yet again using $F_{n+2} - F_n = F_{n+1}$) results in

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^2} &= \sum_{n \geq 1} \left(\frac{1}{F_n^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+1}^2} + \frac{1}{F_{n+2}^2} \right) - \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{4}{F_n F_{n+2}} \\ &= \left(3S - \frac{1}{F_1^2} - \frac{1}{F_1^2} - \frac{1}{F_2^2} \right) - 4 \sum_{n \geq 1} \left(\frac{1}{F_n F_{n+1}} - \frac{1}{F_{n+1} F_{n+2}} \right) \\ &= (3S - 3) - 4 \left(\frac{1}{F_1 F_2} \right) = 3S - 7. \end{aligned}$$

The answer to part (a) is $3S - 7$. We now turn our attention to the second sum (b). Proceed with

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+2})^3} &= \left(\frac{1}{F_n F_{n+1}} - \frac{1}{F_{n+1} F_{n+2}} \right)^3 \\ &= \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1})^3} - \frac{1}{(F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^3} - \frac{3}{F_n F_{n+1}^2 F_{n+2}} \left(\frac{1}{F_n} - \frac{1}{F_{n+2}} \right). \end{aligned}$$

We may now sum over all positive integers and apply part (a) such that

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+2})^3} &= \sum_{n \geq 1} \left(\frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1})^3} - \frac{1}{(F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^3} \right) - 3 \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{(F_n F_{n+1} F_{n+2})^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{(F_1 F_2)^3} - 3 \cdot (3S - 7) = 22 - 9S. \end{aligned}$$

The answer to part (b) is $22 - 9S$. The argument is complete. \square