

ENTRIES IN PART 7

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{2.321.1} \quad & \int x^n e^{ax} dx = \frac{x^n e^{ax}}{a} - \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} e^{ax} dx \\
 \mathbf{2.321.2} \quad & \int x^n e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k k! \binom{n}{k}}{a^{k+1}} x^{n-k} \right) \\
 \mathbf{2.322.1} \quad & \int x e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{a^2} \right) \\
 \mathbf{2.322.2} \quad & \int x^2 e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\frac{x^2}{a} - \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{2}{a^3} \right) \\
 \mathbf{2.322.3} \quad & \int x^3 e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\frac{x^3}{a} - \frac{3x^2}{a^2} + \frac{6x}{a^3} - \frac{6}{a^4} \right) \\
 \mathbf{2.322.4} \quad & \int x^4 e^{ax} dx = e^{ax} \left(\frac{x^4}{a} - \frac{4x^3}{a^2} + \frac{12x^2}{a^3} - \frac{24x}{a^4} + \frac{24}{a^5} \right) \\
 \mathbf{3.195} \quad & \int_0^\infty \frac{(1+x)^{p-1} dx}{(a+x)^{p+1}} = \begin{cases} \frac{1-a^{-p}}{p(a-1)} & p \neq 0, a > 0, a \neq 1 \\ \frac{\ln a}{a-1} & p = 0, a > 0, a \neq 1 \\ 1 & a = 1 \end{cases} \\
 \mathbf{3.248.4} \quad & \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{4+3x^2}} = \frac{\pi}{4} \\
 \mathbf{3.248.6} \quad & \int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{b+ax^2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{b-a}} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{b/a-1}) & \text{if } a < b \\ \frac{2}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{if } a = b \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-b}} \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{a-b}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{a-b}}\right) & \text{if } a > b \end{cases} \\
 \mathbf{3.249.1} \quad & \int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(x^2+a^2)^n} = \frac{(2n-3)!!}{2 \cdot (2n-2)!!} \frac{\pi}{a^{2n-1}} \\
 \mathbf{3.249.6} \quad & \int_0^1 (1-\sqrt{x})^{p-1} dx = \frac{2}{p(p+1)} \\
 \mathbf{3.252.1} \quad & \int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(ax^2+bx+c)^n} = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{(n-1)!} \frac{\partial^{n-1}}{\partial c^{n-1}} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{ac-b^2}} \operatorname{arccot} \frac{b}{\sqrt{ac-b^2}} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3.252.2 \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + bx + c)^n} = \frac{(2n-3)!!\pi a^{n-1}}{(2n-2)!!(ac-b^2)^{n-\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$3.252.3 \quad \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(ax^2 + bx + c)^{n+\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{(-2)^n}{(2n+1)!!} \frac{\partial^n}{\partial c^n} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{c}(\sqrt{ac}+b)} \right]$$

$$3.268.1 \quad \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{px^{p-1}}{1-x^p} \right) dx = \ln p$$

$$3.310 \quad \int_0^{\infty} e^{-px} dx = \frac{1}{p}$$

$$3.311.1 \quad \int_0^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+e^{px}} = \frac{\ln 2}{p}$$

$$3.351.1 \quad \int_0^a x^n e^{-\mu x} dx = \frac{n!}{\mu^{n+1}} - e^{-\mu a} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!} \frac{a^k}{\mu^{n-k+1}} = \mu^{-n-1} \gamma(n+1, \mu a)$$

$$3.351.2 \quad \int_a^{\infty} x^n e^{-\mu x} dx = e^{-\mu a} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{n!}{k!} \frac{a^k}{\mu^{n-k+1}} = \mu^{-n-1} \Gamma(n+1, \mu a)$$

$$3.351.7 \quad \int_0^a x e^{-\mu x} dx = \frac{1}{\mu^2} - \frac{e^{-\mu a}}{\mu^2} (1 + \mu a)$$

$$3.351.8 \quad \int_0^a x^2 e^{-\mu x} dx = \frac{2}{\mu^3} - \frac{e^{-\mu a}}{\mu^3} (2 + 2\mu a + \mu^2 a^2)$$

$$3.351.9 \quad \int_0^a x^3 e^{-\mu x} dx = \frac{6}{\mu^4} - \frac{e^{-\mu a}}{\mu^4} (6 + 6\mu a + 3\mu^2 a^2 + \mu^3 a^3)$$

$$3.353.4 \quad \int_0^1 \frac{x e^x dx}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{e}{2} - 1$$

$$3.411.19 \quad \int_0^{\infty} e^{-px} (e^{-x} - 1)^n \frac{dx}{x} = - \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} \ln(p+n-k)$$

$$3.411.20 \quad \int_0^{\infty} e^{-px} (e^{-x} - 1)^n \frac{dx}{x^2} = \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} (p+n-k) \ln(p+n-k)$$

$$3.471.1 \quad \int_0^u \frac{e^{-b/x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{b} e^{-b/u}$$

$$3.622.3 \quad \int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^{2n} x dx = (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{4} + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^k}{2n-2k-1}$$

$$3.622.4 \quad \int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^{2n+1} x dx = (-1)^n \frac{\ln 2}{2} + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^k}{2n-2k}$$

$$4.212.7 \quad \int_1^e \frac{\ln x \, dx}{(1 + \ln x)^2} = \frac{e}{2} - 1$$

$$4.222.1 \quad \int_0^\infty \ln \frac{a^2 + x^2}{b^2 + x^2} \, dx = (a - b)\pi$$